FROM THE DEMOCRATIC PRESS.

The Evidence of Facts against French influence.

came into office, that he was so violent received the same verbal and practi- fence of our liberty, have lived without against England, and in favor of France, cil replies, how does a French influence notice or favor; died without regret and that we flould be involved in a war with Great Britain in the course of a year, and engaged in an alliance with France. years, in the greater part of which this laft years of the Colonel were spent in Yet here are we free from all treaties of an offensive or defensive nature with and soundest part of the states confedera- and how many fields he had won. The France or her allies ; and not engaged | ted under the national crown, the opera- | aged heard him with patience, the young in a war with England, though the con- tion of the writ of habeas corpus was fa- with delight, and the Colonel was haptinues to commit those very outrages on tal equally to domestic impressment and pyour thips, cargoes and seamen, which to foreign detentions of the persons of all When Washington visited the north- reward will be given. It is hoped that occasioned Wallington to sond an envoy men within our limits. Such was our ern flates, Cotton with the boldness of a for redress in 1794 to London.

confidential itiend and secretary under Such was the right, at firict law, in the called to his mind the difficulties and Mr. Jefferson, during the whole time, trans-atlantic part of our late empire. dangers they had thared together. At in which Mr. Jefferson has thus refrain- Such are the rights of Britons-the the close of the interview Walhington ed from alliances with France, and from | rights of alien friends-the rights of even | presented him a guinea, which the Col. war with England, vet a clamorous plea, alien enemies. Yet the American go- wore in his bosom, and upon a soldier's that Fefferson and Madison, and the ma- vernment, for not winking at violations honor declared nothing but death flould jority of Congress, are under French in- of " the common law" of our former em- part them. But how various are the defluence, is caused to make the Welkin pire, faithfully preserved by the regene- terminations of man !- Reader, conring throughout the union. England rate Americans, and unfaithfully surren- denin not the old man for thou has not being undeniably the earlieft aggressor | dered by the degenerate English, are | heard the cause. Poverty in all its dison our property, our persons, and our prepofterously accused of submitting to tressing forms assailed him, but the territory, it is absurd or criminal to French influence ! charge a legislative and executive government with French influence, which although we are treated as a colony, and so much injured by the Britith king, refrains from war with Great Britain. Some late papers from Bolton, published in the American Citizen, under the sig- with acting under Frenchinfluence! loosened the memento of friendship nature of " Samuel Adams," (whose name, principles and memory are exe- public and private mips, insult our go- Hymen to pay the expence of the cerecrated by the enemies of Jefferson and vernors, as at Rhode Island, and the mony-" Amor omnia vincit, et not ceda-Madison,) set up a pretence that Madi- batteries on our fhores, even pretend mus amori"-Is there any one in similar son was an enemy to his country, and to an usurped jurisdiction around their circumftances who would not have done the revolutionary war. It is a certain attempted to take a foreign minister and fact, that James Madison; after ellab- fhip of war within our waters; for all lithing the higheft revolutionary state which and other outrageous wrongs we character of any man in America, of his | forbid the dangerous entry of their vaft youth, was chosen, at the top of a list of Virginia Delegates to the old Congress, in the year 1779-that he continued in the moft conspicuous and disinterefted course of public life till President Wathington had filled all the offices of the new general government in 1780 and 1790that he was in the most unreserved intimacy with Washington during all that time-that Madison's character was highly admired, efteemed, beloved, their enemies to the same conduct, and ner; Mrs. W. interfered to prevent it, and approved by Washington, during then pretend to retaliate. They in- but was repulsed by the woman, with that long series of years-that Walhing demnify their public officers for such very insolent language.-She continued ton endeavored often, anxiously and deeds of fhame by an interefted law. her unfeeling challisement of the child taken as an apprentice to the Weaving zealously to induce Mr. Madison to ac- They repeat, diversify, extend, and after the return of the unfortunate de- business. cept some highly confidential, honora- multiply their despotic acts in the fhape ceased, who determined to correct her; public reward for the various merits of his life and character, knowing that Mr. Madison was not rich-and that President Wathington openly and flrongly regretted that Mr. Madison Readily declined every thing but the unprofitable and fatal, that the insurance against station of a representative of the people British capture only, rising about 491. in the larger House of Congress. It is 10. on the 100% can no longer be effectcertain, that General Wafhington con- ed-no longer be sustained! Insurance family to deplore his untimely end. sidered it necessary to the fair and cor- ceases and British captures work an rect support of his own character for dis- universal and absolute confiscation-a cernment and juffice, to manifest this sense of, and attachment to, the revo- order of Council. Our government lutionary services and disinterested pa-" triotism of Mr. Madison.

It's plain then, that General Wathington, who knew all our public men and public affairs and transactions, could not have had the slighteft suspicion or apprehension, that Mr. Madison was that blind devoted or criminal-partizan of France, which is pretended by the crafty deceiver, who affects to use with respect the name of "Samuel Adams."

As to the present flate of things, it appears that Mr. Madison firmly resilts the conversion of our neutral seamen, funder the slavill operation of a foreign belligerent impressment) into illegitimate warriors on the side of England against the powers of the European continent. For this he is wickedly misrepresented as under French influence.

When Beaumarchais' claim was lately revived and in his hands, though France was very urgent upon it, Mr. Madison did not report in its favor. Yet the clamor about French influence.

If France has demanded, (as some allege) that we flut our ports against Eng-1 the French influence ?

"fluence ?

ed for permission or flatutory powers to the war-worn soldier. The scars of the andoah county, Virginia, Diffrict No. 2. arreft their deserters within the jurisdic- brave are monuments of the ingratitude It was said, when Mr. Jefferson tion of the United States, and have both of nations. How many who bled in deappear ?

During a term of nearly two hundred floue to tell their name or services. The country certainly condituted the purest | recounting the dangers he had passed absolute right at common law-such the soldier and the familiarity of an old ac-"Though My. Madison has been a very right of every alien within our borders. quaintance, addressed the General and

sea army of 150,000 men into our ports; and for this act of sound prudence and dignified firmness, our government is charged with French-influence!

retain and capture neutral vessels in of evil example to their friends and foes. They seduce and course other nations into a similar conduct. They provoke Britilh penalty of an arbitrary Britilh deprives their rapacious navy of their infamous gain, the profits of this disgraceful penalty, by laying an embargo and too many of our profligate politi cians ascribe the act to French influence ! Britain goes yet further ! She drags us from the free ocean into her own ports, mposes there on us heavy taxes with. out law, extorts perquisites, and covers his conduct by a retrospective flatute of a legislative body which is daily advertised to be bought and sold; and left we ho 4 i counteract this execrable and infamous conduct by employing our oron ther. manufacturers instead of those of aggressng Britain, the people are alarmed in every ftreet, in every county, with the cry and the pretence, that our pacific measures to correct the British authors of more than half our wrongs are secretv procured by the menaces and inluence of France!

AN AMERICAN CITIZEN. ----

DIED, in Newburyport, on Saturland, or that we declare war against that day-the 5th of August last, in the 75th country, Mr. Madison and his friends year of his age, the far famed Benjamin in and out of Congress have not compli- Cotton; long known by the dubbed title ed with either demand. Where is then of Colonel Cotton. - He was by profession a soldier, and was in all the wars in If France has desired any diffinction this country from the year 1753 to 1782. in the embargo laws, or any particular He was perhaps the laft man saved by relief from them, Mr. Madison and the discernment and skill of Washing-

his friends have not conceded either. ; ton, when the brave Braddock fell a sa-Where, we ask then, is the French in- | crifice to his military pride. I he life of the Colonel has been passed in penury If France and England have both ask- and neglect; the too frequent fate of slept in their graves without a humble

guinea could not be wrelled from him ! The Britith, besides many wrongs to | but was warmed by the heart filled with our trade, have long excluded all our | love and gratitude for his general and manufactures from their country, and his friend. But at length the god of we have lately excluded a part of their love, determined to flow his power, manufactures only; and for this mode- | lighted up a flame in the heart of the Corate effort of remedy, we are charged lonel. The old veteran with a sigh The British violate, with blood, our | from his neck, and laid it on the altar of

> Winchester, (Vir.) Aug. 30. INHUMAN MURDER.

A negro woman, the property of Mr. Nathaniel Jackson, but lately in the possession of Mr. William Whittington was committed to Winchefter goal on Wednesday the 24th-infl. for the mur-The British, as neutrals, began to der of said Whittington, in the neighborhood of Battletown on the day pre-1792, a conduct criminal in itself and ceding .- The particulars of this circumftance are thus related to us :- The prisoner, in the absence of the deceased, had beat her child in the moil cruel manof "orders in council" till nine of those | the anticipating his intention, fheltered prescriptive evidence of neutral debase- herself m the kitchen loft; in the attempt ment issue in a singlar month. They to ascend the ladder which led to her subject our property, in innocent voy- place of concealment, he received seveages to their enemies unblockaded ports, ral blows on his head, with a bedftead poft, with which the prisoner had provided herself-he languilhed but a few hours .- The deceased was an honeft & industrious man, and has left a large

> Five Dollars Reward. CTRAYED from the farm of the sub-Scriber, living about two miles from Charleftown, sometime in April laft A BLACK MARE, rising four years old, switch tail, a ftar on her forehead, and one hind foot white up to the fet. lock; no-fhoes on. Also, on the first of June, A BRIGHT BAY MARE, about three years old, a small ftar on her forehead, long mane and tail. The above reward and reasonable charges will b given, if the said creatures be brough home, or two dollars and a half for ei-MICHAEL KELLENBERGER.

August 12, 1808.

Take Notice.

THE season of the horse Hamiltonian expired on the 10 inftant; all persons who have put mares to him are requefted to make payment as speedily as possi-JAMES HITE. August 5, 1808.

Paper Making.

of age, are wanted as apprentices to the this paper. abovementioned business, at the Paper Mill, on Mill Creek, about nine miles from Charleflown. CONRAD COUNSELLER.

June 23, 1808.

sert this advertisement in their papers. NIMROD LONG, Capt. 5th R. L Woodflock, August 24, 1808. Ten Dollars Reward. D AN AWAY on Tuesday the 16th inftant, from the subscriber, living on the road from Charleftown to Winchefter, near Opeckon creek, in Frederick county, (Vir.) a negro man named SIMON, of a yellow complexion, 20 years of age, and about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high ; has a scar on the top of his head, and a down look when spoken to. Had on when he went away a pair of Corduroy overalls, an old waift coat and a wool hat; but as he is an artful thiev. ing fellow, he will probably get other clothing. He has been seen with some of Mr. Francis Whiting's negroes, and it is supposed they will convey him to Mr. Beverly Whiting's quarter in Jelferson county. The above reward will be given for apprehending and securing him in jail, and reasonable charges if

brought home.

For Sale. 160 lbs. belt Peruvian Bark. 50 bottles Caftor Oil. 10 gallons Lemon Shrub. 64 do. Flaxseed Oil. An assortment of patent and other medicines, which will be sold low, for CASH only, by DAN. ANNIN. Charleftown, August 1. 1808.

Wanted to Purchase, A NEGRO MAN-or a LAD, aged about 16 or 17 years. To prevent unnecessary trouble, no application need be made, unless the fellow to be sold, be of good character. For one of that description, the CASH will be given. Inquire of the Printers. July 25, 1808.

WANTED, A Lad of 12 or 14 years of age, of respectable parents, who writes a good hand, and can come well recommended. Inquire DAN. ANNIN. of Charlestown, July 15, 1808.

Save your Rags. CASH will be given for clean linen and cotton Four of five boys, about 13 or 14 years rags, by the printers of

Ten Dollars Reward. DESERTED from the recruiting rendezvous, at Woodflock, Shen-TIMOTHY CUNNINGHAM, a soldier in the fifth regiment of infantry. of the army of the United States-Born in Fauquier county and flate of Virginia. aged twenty-one years, five feet six in. ch s high, dark complexion, blue eves. dark hair, and by profession a laborer. All recruiting parties throughout the U. nited States, and all citizens thereof are requefted to apprehend and secure said Timothy Cunningham, fhould he come under their notice, for which the above patriotism will prompt all printers to in-

CASPAR SEEVERS. Frederick county, Va. Aug. 26, 1808.

A SMART BOY, Of the age of 15 or 16 years, will be IOHN LEMON.

Charleftown, May 20, 1808.

An apprentice wanted. A BOY of 13 or 14 years of age, is wanted as an apprentice to the Coverlet and Counterpane weaving, and Blue Dyeing business. WM. MORROW. Charleftown, July 15, 1808.

BLANK DEEDS For sale at this office.

Farmer's Repository. VOL. I.

CHARLES TOWN, (Virginia,) PRINTED BY WILLIAMS AND BROWN. TWO DOLLARS FER ANNUM.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1808.

Charles-Town Races.

THE Charleftown races will commence on the First Wednesday in tober next, and continue three daysconfidently believe that the first y's purse will be 100 dollars. The and day 60 dollars, and the third day Sweepflake which will consid of the trance money of the two first days and gate money.

The races will be in every respect concled agreeably to the rules of the late arleftown Jockey Club, and will be ch day free for any horse, mare or ling, the winning horses the precedlays only excepted.

Four horses to flart each day or no ce. Entrance five per cent. if entered day before the race, or double at the

JOHN ANDERSON, GEORGE HITE.

The subscribers are requefted to their respective subscriptions a few is before the races, to John Anderson. Charleflown, Sept. 2, 1808.

For Sale,

Y present dwelling house, smiththop, and lot, with a never failing ll of water thereon, situate on the corof Liberty and Weft fireets, in rleftown .- A great bargain will be in this valuable property, if appli-JOHN HAINS. September 2, 1808.

From the PITTSTON ARCUS.

SPHRIT OF THE TIMES.

rt. or the whole of the embaryo, and to proposal. t on all matters that may legally come ore said meeting.".

r national government, by some of you have doubtless considered. llow-citizens, as well as by aliens, We are highly pleased, and muft

general government, in the measures a- towns, and some states, or parts of the been ordered home from Halifax imdopted and pursued by it; and until a nation, more than others, is as plain to mediately. substitute for those measures can be be seen. But for such individuals, such This is the amount of the verbal news thewn, which will better secure and pro- towns or flates to murmur, sow discon- by the Packet. But all this is compara-

"inity thereto by our impartial and patrio- profess. tic administration; and we will resift the It gives us great satisfaction, after

large majority.

To the Selectmen of the town of Boston. GENTLEMEN

nd kitchen furniture, at private sale. ing the subject into consideration." We gult, by order of the Selectmen of dom which becomes citizens whose in- ton, were ever disposed to make. town, at the infligation of the fede- terefls are the same, expose the reasons the Preside , of the U.S. to take off in our official capacity according to your

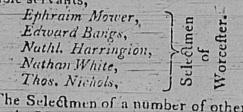
We are far from disagreeing with you on the conflictutional right of the citizens he federal phalanx was formed in "in an orderly and peaceable manner, array; many republicans also attend- to assemble to consult on the publi and thus a full meeting was con- good," . present addresses, petitions ned; and having deliberately consi- and remonstrances. But we think a ed the article proposed in the war- wise people will be cautious of making a , a large majority are decidedly of frequent use of this privilege. While ion, that such address, at the present the right of suffrage remains entire, s, would be injudicious, and highly and the people possess the freedom of frequent elections, it is obvious there fewing with concern and deep re- cannot be such occasion for petitioning, t, the peculiar situation of the coun- as under governments where the people arising from the contefts in Europe, 'have a less "essenial share." Of the men of Bofton.] he violent and malignant opposition propriety of exciting others to petition,

said inhabitants of Pittston avail ' heartily concur with the general sentilves of the present occasion to ments in the first part of the petition of express our sentiments, by the Bofton, expressive of a sense of patriotism and "respect for the conffituted loed, As the opinion of the inha- authorities of our country," supporting, eration of the laws imposing an em- "readiness to make any personal sacri- ready received by other arrivals. r foreign relations) might be consi- the public welfare may require." It ed at l'almouth on the 10th July in a ald the President comply with such refrained from expressing the wiftes skirmiftes by the Spanift Patriots, who ple. ueft, our national diffress would be they moft sensibly feel for the removal were in possession of Madrid, and had y increased by the loss of property, of the embargo.', Indeed were not the taken prisoner the wife of Murat. good required," not only the citizens of and Corunna had been opened; the first solved, That we consider the Bri- Bofton but of every other town, would British packet would sail for the lat- cutirely defeated at Cordova and Anduorders and French decrees the real have just cause to petition-to remon- ter port on the 17th July. of the embarrassed situation of Arate. That the embarrassments conerican commerce; and to submit to sequential on the arreflation of a pros- menced holtilities, and had taken two or , would be a surrender of our rights perous trade by the embargo, or rather three French towns.

even a prospect of securing the merce- | are sensibly felt by almost every citizen, | with information of a Peace having been nary object, resulting from such degra- none will deny: and that like all embar- concluded between Great-Britain and rassments usually arising from any Russia. All the Spanish prisoners at Resolved, That we have entire confi- change in the course of business, they Halifax had been released and sent to dence in the ability and patriotism of the must effect some individuals, some Havanna, and all the transports had mental principles of our republican go- on; and not only so. but unworthy of lay before our readers the following vernment, and the laws made in unifor- social man, unworthy of the religion we

arrangements and intrigues practised by the contrary impressions which we had a party, who under the fallacious plea of received from periodical papers, we conremoving the Embargo are making ap- fess not worth regarding, now to be aspeals to the avarice and the baseft pas- sured, from a source so authentic, that

to differ from the sentiments expressed leave, he was entrulted by the Emperor by you or your townsmen. These with a verbal message to the President. We have received your letter in- events are so recent and our intelligence, of the United States ; but which he was viting us to call a meeting of the inhabi- concerning the present flate and pros- not at liberty to communicate. It is untants of this town, for the purpose of pects of Spain, so imperfect, we are not derflood, however, that the French Deon be made previous to the full of concurring with your town, in a petition vet ready to express any opinion on the crees, against neutral commerce, were Robernext-I then purpose to remove to the President for a "suspension of propriety of suspending the embargo in not to be relaxed at present; of this we the western country. If not sold it the embargo in whole or in part; or that whole or in part, because of these events. have ample evidence in the subjoined lift the President would convene Congress as And suffer us also to mention, that it of condemnations. No American vessels will also dispose of all my household early as possible, for the purpose of tak- would be no more than reasonable, first had been released under Murat's decree. to allow the President to come to the The general complexion of affairs in deferred returning an answer till this knowledge of these events, and give Spain, is said, by several of the passenhim an opportunity to take those mea- gers, to be highly flattering; that no son to believe, that there would be found sures, of his own accord, which per- doubts were entertained of the final sucten of our own freeholders, knowing our haps you and we, in our petition, might cess of the Spanish patriots; that the sentiments and differing from us, who, requeft. To petition at present, as we armies were filling up with great alacriby signifying their desire in writing, are forced to view the subject, would ty; that arms and ammunition were conwould make it our duty to call such a imply a supposition that the President tinually arriving, and the collected force meeting. We can delay no longer a ci- was not qualified for his high flation; or when arranged and supplied with milita-The inhabitants of Pittston in the dis- vility which is due to our fellow citizens not disposed to perform its duties; a issemble of the respectable town of Bofton. We supposition which the inhabitants of body of men Bonaparte could bring a-





NEW-YORK, September 8.

The British packet Lord Hobart left

famy for commercial gain,⁵ without ent nations, which caused the embargo, Nova-Scotia in 29 days from Glasgow, 4000 men (French) had abandoned San-

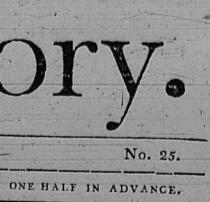
mote the honor and interests of the U. tents, or attempt to raise opposition, tively unimportant. The public atten-States, our confidence in them will re- while convinced that the public welfare tion is directed to Spain, where "highmain undiminished-the intrigues and required the measure, would betray a minded men," who love their country, cabals of partizans of this, or any foreign base selfiftness unworthy of Americans, are engaged in a ftruggle which will be nations to the contrary notwithflanding, and degenerating from the great ex- glorious in Hiftory whether it termi-Resolved, That we will support with ample of our early anceftors, and the nates in conquest or defeat, The Bosour property and our lives, the funda- heroes and sages of our recent revoluti- ton Gazette of Monday, enables us to INTERESTING NEWS. From the Boston Gazette of Monday.

On Saturday, arrived the fast sailing fhip Arcturus, captain Main, in 48 days from St. Sebaftians. Among the passengers in the fhip, came P. R. Livingsions of men, for the real (though not the inhabitants of Boston would have stone fton, Esq. who is the bearer of several acknowledged) purpose of effecting a suffered in silence all the evils which sets of dispatches from the French gopolitical change in our national and liste they sensibly felt under the embargo, vernment to our own. Mr. Livingfton "but for the great events in Europe, reports, that a few days before he sailed, The above resolutions passed by a which materially change the aspect of our he was at Bayonne, where a private interview took place between the French Here is the first occasion that we have Emperor and himself; that on taking own meeting, on Monday the 22d of will therefore, with that friendly free. Worcefter, no more than those of Bos- gainft them; that at present the fteps of the Spaniards were precautionary, alits, "to see if the toron will petition and sentiments, which forbid us to act ed the sentiments of a large majority of have been brought into action, they have Fully persuaded that we have express- though in every inftance, where they the inhabitants of this town, in express- succeeded in repelling or deftroying ng our own, we cannot believe it would their enemies. The following summabe satisfactory to them, on this occasion, ry, presents a number of inflances of at this season of the year, to be called this valour and intrepidity. It was furtogether in town meeting. We are, nifhed by one of the passengers in the gentlemen, with much respect, your | Arcturus, and may be relied on as containing facts :---

All the provinces of Spain are in a

ftate of revolution, and have actually declared war against France, except Guipusca, Biscay, Alava and Navarra -these being so near and immediately [The Selectmen of a number of other under the power of France, have not as rowns in Massachusetts have refused in yet taken up arms; but only wait for a like manner to concur with the Select- ; favorable moment to join in the common cause-having the same sentiments as the other provinces respecting France. However many of the inhabitants have gone to Saragosa, and all the soldiers of two Regiments, which garrisoned that town, with some of their officers have also deserted. This desertion was winked at by the Spanith commander. The ints of Pittston, that to address the at all times, the laws enacted by the go- fax on the 26th August; of course brings who made repeated attacks during 30 Falmouth on the 13th of July, and Hali- French troops under General Lefebre, esident of the U.S. to suspend the vernment of our choice," with their no later London news than we had al- days on Sarragosa, were aiways beaten Bo, (under the exifting circumstances fices, and endure any privations which A Spanish officer from Corunna arriv- on those occasions with unheard of red by the belligerent powers of Eu- prides us, that under sentiments truly passage of only 5 days, and proceeded to their juil cause. The annexed letter of bravery; and feel confident of success in an acquiescence in their oppres- honorable and magnanimous like these, London. He informed that 35,000 Cen. Palafox, will they the spirit which decrees and orders in council; and our fellow citizens of Bofton "have French troops had beed killed in various actuates the Patriots of that brave peo-There is but little doubt that Gen. Duthe horrors of a bloody and deftrue- embargo a measure "which the public A communication between Falmouth Sed the Mountain of Sierra Morenna,

jac. Gen. Moncey who went against Valencia has also been defeated .amy for comparing the strate of the entraordinary conduct of belliger- A vessel had arrived at Picton, in had been ordered at Burgos, and 3 or



tandero after being in possession of that | (from whence the sailed the 4th Dec.) | duced to obedience. Notwithittanding deputies; the king having previously town for some weeks. The French con- for Bilboa, was endorsed on the 30th this news, formidable trains of artillery his oath addressed the assemble tinued in possession of Madrid, when same month by the Iris frigate, capt. continue to leave this city, deflined for which they returned a loval answer the Arcurus sailed, as well as of Vala- Tower. On the same night escaped Arragon, as well as bombs, &c. dolid, Burgos, Victoria, Pampeluna, and bore away for Bilboa. On the 6th A letter of the 3d July, flates, that in Archbilhop of Burgos, dressed n and St. Seballians; but a considerable Jan. came to anchor at San Antonio; Sarragosa, on the 26th ult. a lhell from pontifical robes, attended by other di and St. Sebaltians; but a considerable fait cannel of an anchor, and run for Bilboa, and the French camp fell in the square of nitaries of the clergy. The king has said to be matching towards Madrid. was taken by the same boat off said port St. Domingo, which sovenraged the in- placed his hand on the holy evangely The Lieutenant King. Prince Murat, of Bilboa, on the 7th, and sent into habitants, that they ruthed to the field of pronounced the form of an outh that for had returned to Bayonne, and had left. Passage in Spain. The cargo was worth battle; routed the enemy, pursuing them lows, agreeably to the conflictution; Gen. Savary in his flead. The new 180,000 dollars, at the time of condem- 7 leagues, and became mafters of 27 "I swear upon the holy evangelifter created King, Joseph Bonaparte, with nation. Her cargo consilting of about pieces of cannon, with all their baggage. respect our religion, to observe and most of the Spanish Grandees and the de- 180 hhds. tobacco, would have brought On the 28th, 29th and 30th, there was cause to be observed the constitution is legates with the new conflictution. a copy one dollar per pound. of which has been received by the Arc- The third is the fhip Mars, of N. not known. A person however, who of Spain and her possessions, to resp. turus, had set out for Madrid; were at York, Charles Henry, mafter, condemis- came yefterday from P. assures us that and cause to be respected personal has St. Seballians on the 9th of July, where ed on the 15th June, bound from Sa- Gen. Lefevre, with the few men left him, ty and property, and to govern only with their reception was as cool as it possibly vannah, (from whence fhe sailed the 4th surrendered, and that the escort with a view to the interests, felicity and ghe could be. Not a flout or cry in favor of Jan.) for London, laden with rice and provisions and ammunition, deftined ry of the Spanish nation." the New King. Nothing was done but cotton. On the 4th of Feb. about lat. for his camp, had been taken by the Arwhat the Authorities were obliged to 49, 18, N. long. 11, W. was captured by ragonians with 45 baggage waggons. do .-- It was doubtful if he would reach a French privateer of Rochelle, and sent Madrid under such unfavorable aspects. to Passage in Spain. Capt. H. had not Moft of the Spanift Grandees did not his papers endorsed, nor did he see or besitate to declare to their friends, that speak with any Englith or other vessel. | at midnight, the French camp in the what they had done was forced on them, that they floodd, on the first occasion, join the patriots with their persons and

Palafox the commander of the Spanish troops which took up arms against the Milan Decree, and perhaps at the time some of the gates, but the valor of the French, is unmarried-about 52 years of Mr. Champagny's letter to Mr. Arm- troops and inhabitants who guarded troops had entered Spain, to subdue the of age, youngell of three sons of a Mar- | ftrong, an order was given to the Coun- them, resilting a galling fire, deltroyed southern provinces; that dispatches have quis of that name, a family diftinguished | cil of Prizes, not to proceed on Ameri- all who presented themselves, ftrewing been brought from our Charge d'allais in the annals of Spain ; he was a Briga- can cases :- But soon after the arrival the field with French bodies ; in the at Madrid, for our government. dier in the king's body guard, and went of the Osage, a counter order was given ; evening of the same day they continued We have been particular in enquiring with the young king Ferdinand the se- and the three cited vessels with many the attack with their infantry and artil- about any movements among the powers venth to Bayonne, where foreseeing others, at the first and second sittings, lery, and were again repulsed with con- of the north or south of Europe, but could what was to pass, escaped to Sarragossa being every Thursday, weekly. Moft siderable loss. At day break velterday not learn any thing material. in Arragon, his native town, and put of the valuable vessels and cargoes were they renewed their attack on all sides, himself at their head.

in possession of the French; the pro- took place in the Council of Prizes; but our troops, they retired, having suffervince of Catalonia is moftly under arms, two gentlemen passengers, per the Arc- ed from a continual fire of 12 hours. and have had several successful skir- turus, saw a letter from Paris, the day The thot and thells of the enemy have millies.

drid among the French soldiers, as well though it was supposed that the Council them, and impress us with the sacred as desertion to the Spanish side. The would not condemn any more, yersince duties of Religion and our country, of French officers have on various occasi- the 15th of June, six more American | our honor and our King. [Here follows ons expressed their dislike and regiet to vessels and cargoes had been condemn- | a long lift of promotions.] march against the Spaniards, in so un- | ed. juft a cause. Almost all the French Among other remarkable cases, one is hands, and among the slain have been troops, now in Spain and Portugal, sup- worthy to be noticed. A Salem brig, found some of the ornaments itolen from posed about 120,000 are young and of the Hipsy and Jane, was endorsed off the churches and houses of individuals. the laft conscriptions, and let the issue | the Cordovan on the 3d Dec. escaped | We have made many prisoners. be what it may, many cannot in all cal- the vigilance of the English, and run inculation return, or escape from slaugh- to Bayonne on the 5th, unloaded, and routed, and intrigue and deceit are the ter. All the French at Oporto have with the captain went to Bordeaux to consult only resource remaining to save them the general who is in the caffle at Ferrol, and sell his cargo. On the 25th same from total extermination with which surrendered to the Portuguese ;- But month, the government seized vessel they are menaced in Spain. Gen. Junot was at Lisbon at the laft dates. | and cargo, under the Milan Decree of | By an express which left Valencia on All the Proclamations of the Provinces the 17th Dec. 12 days after the arrival the 30th of June, we receive officially the are warm and spirited, declaring that the of the vessel in port, & will no doubt con- agreeable news that the French army ple, but against the Tyrant and Usurper.

Some days out from St. Seballians, passed a convoy of 75 sail from Cork, with 10,000 troops on board, under Gen. Wellesly--was boarded and inral Junot.

family had been sent into the interior of | are, " because having been flopped by France :- that the troops lately sent into | a British cruizer, the was carried into Spain by Bonaparte's orders, were prin- | Falmouth, from which place the sailed cipally new and beardless conscripts :- | with a King's licence." For condemnthat Murat was fill at Bayonne, and ing the Vengeance, because the has been much indisposed; that the direct road visited by British cruizers." from Bayonne to Madrid was in posses- It is the duty of the agent of prize sion of the French; but was the only causes to give you all necessary infor- jar, and that it is reduced to only 6000: communication they had between the mation on this subject. Permit me two countries.

MILAN DECREE ENFORCED. | vant,

We have received by the Arcturus, three of the first condemnations by the Council of Prizes at Paris, of American vessels and cargoes, taken under the Milan decree of 17th Dec. The first on that the French army had lost 4000 men and entirely dettroying Dupont. the 8th June, (the first sitting) is the brig + killed, since its entrance into that king-George, of Newburyport, Capt. Bray, | dom, independent of wounded, prison-(late capt. Hale) from Labrador, to Bil- ers and deserters. The Gazette of the boa, with fill and some oil, papers en- 24th, assures that a detachment of 2000 dorsed by the British, and being far men, who were marching towards Epila, St. Sebastians, we are favored with a north, in want of provisions and water, and who indeed entered, were so com- Bayonne paper of July 11th. put into Falmouth for supply, where the | pletely deflroyed that there only remain-British government; seeing the unjult- ed 400 who could flee. That of the 25th ness of the endorsement, granted a pass relates another famous action in Sarrafor the original deflination, and from gosa, whose result has been so favourfurther detention by British thips. No able that we are assured that Gen. Leduties were required or paid at Fal- fevre, can have at the most only 2500 mouth. A few miles from the entrance men, of the 12000 who were marched of Bilboa harbour, was taken by a French | for that place, and Logrono. Indeed armed boat of Bayonne, and sent into God protects our cause, since the Spani-St. Sebaffians in Spain.

Salem, capt. Ward Chipman, owned by | from Gen. Lefevre, has been intercept-Wm. Gray, Esq. condemned on the | ed, in which he declares to the Emperor 15th of June, (the second sitting) bound his want of men, but requefts all the

sengers in the Arcturus. be relied on.

It appears that after the date of the 1400 balls and fhells. They attacked condemned on those days.

Paris, June 20, 1808.

CAPTAINS BRAY AND CHIPMAN, formed they were bound to join the the 6th inft. that on recurring to the proyour vessels and cargoes have both been

therefore to refer you to him. I am gentlemen, your obedient humble ser-

(Signed) JOHN ARMSTRONG.

ARRAGON.

The second is the brig Vengeance, of people so undisciplined. A courier

a violent cannonading, but the result is preserve the integrity and independence Gazette Extraordinary, Saragosa,

Fuly 3. The day before yefterday (the firft) Captains Henry and Chipman are pas- neighborhood of this capital began the bombardment of the city ; this was con-All the foregoing are facts and may tinued till the evening of the following day, in which they expended more than and after suffering great loss, and con- The following is the speech that H. C. Although the citader of Barcelona, is It was rumoured that a suspension vinced of the oblinancy and valor of before their sailing, to a French gentle- not only done little damage, but have, There appears great mortality at Ma- men at St. Sebaltians, saving, that al- served to excite a greater hatred to

A great many arms have fallen into our-

In all parts the French army has been

Spaniards war not against the French peo- demn her-valued at 60,000 dollars. commanded by General Moncey, having attacked that city on the 28th of the that their religion, their independence same month, were received by such a dreadful fire from the batteries, for guaranteed: that their molt precise Gentlemen-It gives me much pain to the space of eleven hours, that after inform you, in answer to your letters of having been routed, and their bodies covering the ground in the neighbor-Spaniards & Portuguese against Gene- ceedings of the Council of Prizes, I find hood, they precipitately abandoned the field, and in the utmost confusion with-It appears from the lateft accounts that condemned. The one on the Eth and out force, took the road to Madrid, in the Spanish war is exceedingly unpopu- the other on the 15th inft. The reasons which the main body of the Valencian lar in France ;- that the Spanish royal assigned for condemning the George, army is waiting to cut off the retreat, so ards were together here! One sole in that not one of those who is ain can tereft binds them, and then they would

We have also received, by the Couri- | see purselves under the cruch necessity er of to day information, that the re- of losing any of those who, seduced by mains of the army of 16000, men, who foreign incitements, must see the entered Andalusia under the command | selves reduced by the force of arns! of Gen. Dupont, has retreated to Anduthat on the 22d of June they were within the diffance of two leagues from the first division of the vanguard of the Spanifh. army of that kingdom, commanded by Gen. Campigni, and that the day following would be joined by the second division under the command of Gen. the people .- If they are disposed " The Gazette of the 20th, announces Caftans, for the purpose of attacking make the same sacrifices that we and

From the Boston Chronicle. By the Arcturus, Captain Maine, ar-

rived here on Saturday, in 48 days from

AIt appears that H. M. Joseph I. left Bayonne on the 9th of July, for his capital; that the Emperor his brother, had man who loves his country, and has a accompanied him as far as Bidarte, with a most brilliant guard, in which town the two monarchs embraced and took leave of each other with the greatest ten- | dent, who handed it to one of the Se derness ; that H. C. M. slept that night + taries ; and he having read it in and at St. Schaftians, where he was received telligible voice from the beginning 10th ards perform miracles never known in a with the greateft demonstrations of joy end, the President put the quel and respect.

The new conflitution, a copy of which conflitution, and all the member we understand is received by this vessel, swered individually that they acc was definitively accepted the 30th of of it; and then the President answe with a cargo of tobacco from Norfolk, kingdoms might be declared already re- June, and sworn to by H. C. M. and the the speech of H. M.

The oath was adminifered by

. The oath taken by the Archbille and dignitaries of the church, his attend ants, president, secretaries, officers d the palace, deputies, &c. &c. was as fol lows : "I swear fidelity to the king, confitution and laws."

The assembly of deputies have order. ed that several kinds of medals thould be Itruck off to commemorate this event. Madrid; that 70,000 more French

M. Joseph 1st. pronounced, on sub. mitting the Constitution of Spain, which was unanimously adopted byth Spanish National Assembly. Gentlemen deputies:

I have wifned to come in the midhe von before vou separate. Brought p gether by a series of extraordin events to which all nations have b subject at more or less diltant perio and by the dispositions of my aug brother the Emperor Napoleon. have displayed sentiments which ; those of the age. You will find the result of them Itamped in the conflication al act, which will be read to you. With it will cease the long disaler of Spain; dieasters which the secret rights are acknowledged, and wh they fhall see in these new inflitution the germ of the prosper: .. of their cos try ; blessings which the neighboring tions have obtained only by dist a armly supported by us.

bloodfhed and misfortunes. Would to heaven that all the Spa have but one sentiment. We flould not

The enemy of the continent hopes an expects to deprive us of our colonies, taking advantage of the troubles wh it excites in Spain. For this reasca every good Spaniard fhould open ha eyes, and cling round the throne. bring the act which eftablithes the ciprocal rights and duties of the king and Spain will before long be tranquil, and as happy in its interior as it will bejut and powerful in its exterior,

We accept with the highest confidence this contract at the feet of the Deity, wo reads in the innermost recesses of hearts of men, who disposes of the his will, and who-never forsakes in -This speech being finished, H. M. d livered the Conflictution to the Pres the Assembly whether they accept

CHARLES TOWN, September 16

mulicans of Jefferson county, assema in Charleftown, in pursuance, of blic notice, the 14th inftant, the fol-

epresent the diltrict in Congress.

bjects by them recommended.

esentative to Congress.

igen, Abreham Shepherd, Henry S. spices it was laid. Pittsfield Sun. urner, James Fulton, Thomas Likens, mydel Wright, Matthew Frame, Benub Hains, Philip Shutt, John Anderson, tohn Abell, Nathan Haines, George

ALEX. WHITE, President. TH. LIKENS, Secretary.

ved in Corunna (Spain) on the 5th of cealment of their absurdities. ly, via England. . ibid.

The captain of the schooner Weft In- It gives us pleasure to flate, from portionate price.

erbal accounts received at Bofton, ed dangerously ill, having been bbed in the breaft.

IMPORTANT.

The date of this news mull be several Russia, had murched an army into Dal- Pittsylvania, a gentlemen of respectadays later than our previous accounts matia, said to be 50,000 men. from London, which gave some pre- That the Turkilh government drove At a numerous meeting of the Federal sages of such an event." (Boston pap. every Frenchmen out of Conflantinople,

proves the Embargo, as a wise, and sa- the 14th June this ambassador arrived particularly in the body, in which he is wing resolutions were unanimously lutary measure, rendered necessary by at Gibraltar, and on the 19th June he longer than usual for men of his height, the blockading system adopted by the was waiting for lord Collingwood's his arms are fout, his thighs flort and Resolved; That in the present awful belligerents. He as pointedly condemns sending a thip of war to convey him to small compared with his body; his legs nd perilous crisis of public affairs, and his federal friends for opposing it, and London. ta moment so replete with individual thus weakening our government and enalamity and diffress, it behoves the couraging the belligerent powers, in Extract of a letter from Boston, dated beard, his nose large, and a little swelliends of liberty and the conftitution to their aggressions on our commerce. In Sept. 5, to a gentleman in N. York. ont such measures as are bell calcu- his opinion the embargo is so far from a . "We have at from a gentleman of res- it appears quite full. On nice observaliality in the promotion of the laudable ing a subject of party opposition, is an possession." evidence of that honefty and sincerity, Resolved, That in order to facilitate which all parties have allowed him. intercourse, unity and concert, a com- How more honorable he appears, in this mitter be appointed to correspond with respect, than many leading federalifts, imilar committees of Hampshire and who are as well convinced as he is that Berbeley, for the purpose of ascertain- the embargo is the beft measure which ng the most suitable character to be sup- could have been adopted, and yet in a orted a the ensuing election of a Re- crisis of peril and privations, unite in a party effort to render it unpopular and Resolved, That Wm. M Pherson, John inefficacious, for the sake of discreditaker, John Kearsley, Joseph Swear- ing the administration, under whose au-

Fight your way and trade, say the Tautor, Sebastian Eaty, W. W. Lane, opposition! A famous joke, indeed. seeph Grane, Edward O. Williams, will ask our farmers who come to market ohn Wingard, Francis Whiting, John | if they would not rather flay at home i triscoe, James S. Lane, Thomas Swear- they had to fight their way to town, and ngen, Rawleigh Morgen, Walter B. Sel- when they got to the market-house , Wm. Morgan, Thomas Griggs, son. found a parcel of fellows armed to seize duce pou to subjugation, and treat you Daniel Coller, John Griggs, Thomas | and rob them? Yet such would be preriggs, jun. Thomas Hammond, Sa- cisely the case of the Americans if they wel Howel, Zucharich Buckmaster, followed federal advice. They would fames Kerney, Benjamin Boydston, have to buffet their way across the ocean, Samuel Davenport, John Melvin, Jona- and at laft be plundered to a certainty in han Kearsley, Thomas B. Evans, Ja- a Britith or French port. Monitor ..

The Bofton Palladium asks-"Are support the conflicution and laws." By Revolved, That these resolutions be an act of this kind Mr. Jefferson and Mr. ifhed in the Farmer's Repositary, & Madison would have expatriated themthe Berkeley and Fefferson Litelli- selves, and would have beendisqualified, as foreigners, from holding the offices they now occupy. We have an inftance for commercial purposes; he since re-Letters received in New-York city turned and was contemplated to comtion the death of JAMES SULLIVAN, | mand one of the volunteer corps in this Governor of the flate of Mas- city; but it was discovered that he was N. T. Mer. Adv. " " a Danish subject" although an American by birth, and could not be commise learn by a passenger in the Arclurus, sioned. The fertility of federalism in at Col. Burr and Gen. Miranda ar- invention is not adequate in the con-

American.

an, arrived at Baltimore on Saturday letters which we have recently received ming from Jamaica, flates, that the | from the flate of Ohio, the almost uniand-that flour is 48 dollars per bar- James Mudison, for the Presidency. , and cod fifth 39 dollars per cwt.- We think it may be relied upon that the d every other article of necessity at a whole weftern country will be immovable as the mountains. Nat. Intel.

e Arcturus, flate, that Murat the that general Scott has been clected go- before some Juffice of the peace, for the as he has a number of connexions there

Britain and Russia had made peace !" Europe with Alexander the Emperor of | of Mr. Wm. Yancey, of the county of

declared war against France, and dis-President ADAMS unequivocally ap- patched an ambassador to London. On N. York Adv.

ated to produce a redress of existing measure holtile to commerce, that it is pectibility, who arrived here this day tion his eyes may appear rather nearer rievances, and to contribute to the per- calculated, the beft of all possible mea- in the thip Arcturus, from St. Sebafti- together than usual, and it is believed nanent preservation of national inde- sures which could be adopted, to secure ans, that the Emperor in a late coufer- there is a small blemith in one of them, the permanent eftablishment and pros- ence with a gentleman attached to our perhaps the left. His hair is dark color-Resolved, That as one important mean perity of commerce. Mr. Adams and diplomacy at his court, was pleased to ed and fhort; he has been bred to labor, fpromoting these ineftimable objects, Mr. Jefferson agreed in the great ques- express his approbation of all Mr. J.f. and is of a complexion con mon to men is expedient that the Federal Republi- tions which arose during the revolution. ferson had done, and would take no of- of that discription .- It is thought by ans of this district should unite in the Afterwards they divided on certain lead- fence even if we made terms with Eng- some that there is a scar on some part of apport of a fit and suitable character to ing-principles of government, and were land; that all which we have heard re- his face though of that or the blemith in rival candidates for the Presidency. specting Spain is true, but the French the eye we are not positive. Amongst Resolved, That this meeting approve The recent conduct of Mr. Adams, in are marching 180,000 men into Spain, his wearing apparel is a blue common molt highly of the patriotic proceedings giving the weight of his opinion in sup- and the road to Madrid is open to them cloth surtout, lined with red flannel; We underfland further by the passen of their fellow citizens of Berkeley, and port of a great national measure, which by means of the fortresses which the a Virginia cloth coat, with black buttons, gers, that the king had safely arrived in bledge themselves individually and col- his rival and successor had recommend- French previously to the late patriotic button holes and black silk cape ; a pair estively to co-operate with zeal and cor- ed, and which his own party were mak- revolution had contrived to get into their of white cassimere pantaloons and waift-

Philadelphia, Sept. 9. A gentleman who came passenger in the Arcturus, in a letter to his friend in this city, has copied the following ad- murder, the uncertainty to what place

"I now entrust to you your sovereign, editors of newspapers throughout the and depend upon your exertions in the United States, to give this publication different provinces to bring back the na- a place in their respective papers. tion to their duty. Le peuple efte un monstre qu'il faut museler. [The pcople is a monster that must be inuzzled.] The means are in your hands. My armies and treasures are at your service.,

"Should I not hear, before you reach presents from the governor." From Madrid, that tranquillity is reitored, I | what cause this arose, and whether any will no longer temporize, but will reas a conquered country."

United States' Gazette.

New-York, Sept. 5. ELECTION FOR MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.

New Hampshire .- The Bofton pauncasiness that has for a long time urnet. Henry I lar, Ievi Tauler, Da-agitated this nation, gave but too much iel Allstodt, Stephen Cromwell, William turalized citizens of Irance." To this of the votes from 80' towns in Newcause to apprehend. The effervescent lephenson, William Vestal, John Yates, we reply by asking, is the unsolicited Hampfhire, by which it appears that the which vet prevails in some province will cease when the people thal know that their religion, their independence and the integrity of their country as Rescined. That the corresponding of the integrity of their country as Rescined. That the corresponding for the integrity of their country as the unsolution. That the corresponding for their country as the unsolution of their solution of their country as the unsolution of the unsolution of the country as the unsolution of the country Resolved, That the corresponding ing them citizens of France, any proof 72 of these towns, compared with the pomittee consur in the nomination of that these gentlemen were ever natural- votes of 1805, (the last contested elecajor JAMES STEPHENSON, and FHILIP ized? To become naturalized, they tion) is said to be 3,246. The PENDLETON, esq. either of whom, mult have appeared before a French tri- Portsmouth Intelligencer of Tuesday is any other suitable character who may bunal, and have sworn to support " the of opinion that the federal candidates finally determined upon, will be nation, the law and the king" or "to will be chosen by a majority of between 3000 and 6000.

Rhode-Island-The whole number of votes given in this flate for members of Congress, it is expected, will be about 6000; of which the ultimate federal main this city where an American expatria- elections of State Representatives took jority is calculated at near 450. The ted himself and became a Danish subject place at the same time; and it was spoken of as probable that there would be a federal majority of 7 or 8 in the Rhode-Island Assembly.

An attrocious murder committed; and the murderer fled from justice.

On the 14th of July, 1808, Gardiner Mays, late of the county of Pittsylvania, committed a willful, horrid, and unprovoked murder, on the body of Robert Wynn, then a Deputy Sheriff in the county aforesaid, and in the execution of the duties of his office, as such, at the time the murder was committed. Mays ed home made trowsers of cotton and the murderer has fled from justice- | wool, twilled, and a striped swandown William H. Cabell, governor of the waift coat, all much worn; without commonwealth of Virginia, by Pro- either hat or fhoes. I purchased said clamation bearing date the 27th of July, negro last winter of the estate of Mr. 1808, has offered a reward of 200 dol- Peter Whiting, deceased, and it is suplars to any person who may apprehend posed he will be sculking about the It appears from Kentucky papers, the said Gardiner Mays, and carry him widow Whiting's, or Beveriy Whiting's and Duke of Berg, had arrived at vernor, by a very large majority, and county of Pittsylvania, that such pro- and in that neighborhood--he has also ceedings may be had against him, as is lived some years in Loudon county, in prescribed by law. The sum of 510 the neighborhood of the late Gen. Ma-The town of St. Juan in the island dollars has been raised by voluntary sub- son, where he may endeavor to go. of Porto Rico, is flated to have been scription, by the inhabitants of the Whoever takes up said reground brings taken possession of by the commander county of Pittsylvania, and is hereby | him home, or secures h m in any jait so tter, received by an arrival from of a British 74, in consequence of an in- offered as an additional reward, by the that I get him again, fluill receive Ten fax, contains the following import- vitation to that effect from the inhabi- said individuals, to any person or Dollars reward, if under forty miles ou, Nova-Scotia, on the 15th of We have authority to flate, from an ry the said Gardiner Mays before some the above reward, paid by me persons who fhall apprehend and car. from home, it forty notes or upwards, guft, in 29 days from Glasgow, the authentic source, that Bonaparte having juffice of the peace for the said county. in of which informs, that Great- arranged for the division of Turkey in The subscription paper is in the hands

notice.

September 10, 1208.

bility, who will be responsible for its delivery.

N. B-Gardiner Mays is from 40 to 45 years of age, 5 feet, from 3 to 5 incheshigh, close, Rout, and Brong made. fhort and well proportioned; his face coat. He occasionally carries a large butcher knife under the breast of his coat, ground to an edge on the back, so as to represent the blade of a dirk. It is hoped that the atlocity of this dress, delivered by Napoleon Bonaparte the murderer will fly, and the ftrong deto his Spanish Junta on leaving Bayon- mand which justice has on him, will be a sufficient apology for requelting the

> (Pet. Intel.) A letter from Detroit mentions that

" they have had a skirmish with the Indians; but pacified them again by some lives were loft, we do not learn. Mohawk Adv

Fulling and Dyeing.

HE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has rented Mr. Benjamin Beeler's Fulling Mill, three miles from Charlestown, Jefferson county, where he intends to carry on the above business in all its various branchevery second & fourth Saturday in the month, and returned when dreft, Cath must be paid when the cloth is taken away. All those who may please to favor him with their cuftom, may depend upon having their cloth done in the beft and neatest maner, and on-the fliortest

ANDREW, ROARK. September 9, 1808.

20 Dollars Reward. D AN AWAY from the subscriber K living in Jefferson county, Virginia, near Harper's Ferry, on the ninth inftant, a Negro Man named Robin, about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, 26 years of age, of a black complexion, rather slender made, has a lively pleasant countenance when in a good humour, and sometimes talks a little like an African, but can talk plain enough if he chuses, has long wool which he generally keeps comed in a roll on the top of his head, and sometimes tied. Had on when he went away, a home made tow linen thirt, and a pair of dark colour-JAMESS IERGUSON.

From the RICHMOND ENQUIRER.

The Editor of the Enquirer will oblige one of his friends by giving place to the following REPORT of a committee of the House of Representatives of the United States. The Report is requefted to be published in consequence of the recent appearance in many papers in different parts of the U. States, of some letters addressed by Philip B. Key, a 'member of Congress, to the Secretary of War. Mr. Key, who has flained his hands in and provincial pay-office and resign all flroying the popularity of those whom the blood of his countrymen, during their flruggle for independence, is flill serving molt faithfully his king and master in our public councils, and opposing every measure of the government which this letter from Mr. Key, or whether presentation, scurrility and personal ais calculated to give security to the A- any thing was ever done by him in con- buse has been the order of the day. merican People.

Mr. Key's conduct affords one memorable example of the dangerous British influence which exifts among us. Any person who will take the trouble to examine the following Report, will be satisfied that Phil. B. Key was a Pensioner of Great Britain during the whole time that he acted as a Federal Judge, and that his relinquithment or resignation of his half-pay was made to Mr. Erskine, after Key was elected a member of Congress. It is humiliating to reflect that the people of Mr. Key's diffrict hould be so loft to their interefts, as to repose confidence in a man whose life reflects difhonour on himself and on them .- His election to Congress was by no means honorable to the diffrict which elected him, and his continuance in Congress is by no means honorable to that body. Strange and unaccountable indeed, is it, that a man who has raised his traitorous and parricidal arm againft his countrywho has committed the sin of fighting in the ranks of her enemy, fhould be exalted to power and clothed with confidence by a portion of that very country .- E-Qually Arange and unaccountable is it, that he thould be suffered to retain a seat in the councils of the nation which he has so deeply injured. Mr. Key is, perhaps, highly favored by being permitted to reside among a people, whose cause he abandoned, when they fought and blell in a perilous conteft with foreign | port." oppression. Policy and prudence thould have induced Mr. Key to court obscurity -he might have hoped that the mantle of oblivion would have concealed from public view and fhielded from public indignation, his former transgressions-He could not rationally have promised himself a full pardon for his sins, but he might have hoped for a temporary and generous forgetfulness of them. But his doom is now sealed, and the indelible marks of dithonor and disgrace diffinguiff him-" Fænum habet in cornu." His insolence has invited scrutiny into his conduct, and he cannot complain, if he is exposed to the execration of every American patriot. The Report of the committee of the House of Representatives will speak for itself.

EXTRACT FROM THE JOURNAL.

mitted the subject of Mr. Key's election, on the suggestion of his being a pensioner or half-pay-officer of the King of Great As the leaders of the party, opposed

pendence, the said Philip B. Key joined friends of order, it may not be amiss, at slavery." the British army, and in the year 1778, this important crisis to examine their he accepted a commission in a provincial pretensions to names thus arrogantly asregiment in their service. In Novem- | sumed. ber, 1778, he embarked with his regi- It is well known that the term Fedement for Jamaica-After remaining ralist originated in this country at the there for some time, the regiment was adoption of the present Conflitution, a conflant practice of virtuous juffice, an ordered for Pensacola. At the surren- and was underflood to designate those der of that place to the Spaniards, he | who were in favor of that bond of union, was made prisoner, sent to the Havan- that magna charta of our liberties. The nah, from thence he went to England on | Constitution commences thus "We the parole, and never was exchanged until people of the United States, Ge." It is triumph of republicanism throughout peace took place, the corps he served in tic as well as federal principles; and that its principles are correct. Let us, half pay. In 1784 he returned to Ma- to the Conftitution who is inimical to ryland, being entitled to draw his half | the principles of democracy. pay. In 1794, he was elected a repre- But if it be denied that anti-democrats sentative to the General Assembly of and anti-constitutionalists are synoni-Maryland, and continued to be elected | mous terms-let me ask whether those to and served in the said Assembly for | who are in favor of a dissolution of the several years succeeding. That previ- Union merit the appellation of federal-(his brother-in-law), and mutual bonds | under the banners of the opposition | were passed; and under this contract | leaders, would countenance, much less gen. Forrest regularly received Mr. | aid in promoting so treasonable a pro-Key's half pay, until just preceding his | ject, as a disingemberment of the republic. bankruptcy in July, 1802, at which pe- | It cannot however be denied that many riod, gen. Forrett owing Mr. Key large of the opposition papers have for some sums of money, the contract was re- ; time palt been filled with inflammatory

throyed. Notwithflanding which, Mr. | sics, and ultimately to prepare the pub-Key, from friendfhip to gen. Forrelt, lic mind for a dissolution of the Union. (his family being much embarrassed | Having endeavored to thew that the from his bankruptcy) permitted him to leaders of the opposition party are hosreceive his half pay 'till his death; which | tile to the conflitution, I thall now prohappened in July, 1805. Mr. Key re- | ceed to inveffigate their claim to the apceived six months of his half pay in Dec. | pellation of "friends, of order." No 1805-since which time he has received | sooner was this junto compelled, by the none. In January, 1806, Mr. Key wrote | indignant voice of an injured and insultto his agent (James' Brooks, Esq. then | ed people to abandon the helm of flate, residing in London) directing him for- than a number of mercenary presses were mally in his name to go to the war-office | employed for the avowed purpose of dehis right and claim to half pay, and also "the people delighted to honor." But to rank, if any could be supposed to ex- inftead of entering into a fair and candid ift. It does not appear to your commit- inveffigation of the measures adopted tee, whether Mr. Brooks ever received by the administration, calumny, misresequence thereof, as no answer nor any Not content however with calumniand kind whatsoever, that might attach cendiary publications on this subject, se-Mr. Key ever took an oath of allegiance | less the leaders thereof are soon punishto the king of Great Britain. But since | ed for their temerity. his entering into public service in the flate of Maryland, he has taken those oaths which the laws of that flate require to be taken of all other public officers.

cer of the king of Great Britain, autho- | it in vain. rises them to alter the opinion or the resolution submitted with their former re-

Such is the portrait of P. B. Key, drawn at fulllength on the Journal of the House of Representatives of the United States at their laft session! Such is the man who fled from his country, when fhe was oppressed and persecuted, and the head of a virulent, determined opposition to the beft measures of our government, and to palliate in the face of an insulted, abused nation, every British outrage and aggression ! Such is the character, such has been the conduct of this favorite Federal Orator.

men to the Secretary of War, as fit persons for commissions in the new army.

"The committee to whom was recom- From the NATIONAL INTELLIGENCER.

" Federalists and Friends of Order." Britain"-Report the following faets: to the present administration, fill as-

the general peace in '83. When the therefore evidently founded on democrawas disbanded and the officers placed on | consequently a person cannot be friendly

seinded and the bonds cancelled and de- | essays calculated to excite local jealou-

information has since been received by | ating our most distinguished patriots, not Mr. Key from Mr. Brooks on the sub- | content in opposing with jacobinic rage ject. On the 24th October, 1807, Mr. | every measure adopted by the govern-Key addressed a letter to Mr. Erskine, ment, not content with palliating, and his Britannic Majefty's ambassador at even juftifying the conduct of a piratical Walhington, referring to his former re- king in his relations with this country, signation by his agent, Mr. Brooks, in the leaders of the opposition party have which letter he flates, that the object of | recently proclaimed sentiments which his letter was in the most formal manner | amount to treason and rebellion against to repeat his resignation and to requeft | the laws and conftituted authorities of him to notify his majefly and his govern- the Republic. The embargo has been ment of his resignation of all half pay, | denounced as unconstitutional and oprank, annuity or claim of every nature pressive; and in consequence of the into him in virtue of having been hereto- | veral deluded persons have actually enfore an officer in the Britifh service .- | tered into combinations for the puppose This letter was delivered to Mr. Erskine | of violating the laws of their countryby a Notary Public of his diffrict, em- Nay the blood of some of our citizens ployed by Mr. Key for that purpose, on has been already field, and God only the 28th or 29th of October, 1807. It knows how many more will become the does not appear to your committee, that victims of this treasonable opposition, un-

Republicans !- The critical flate of our foreign relations, together with the insidious machinations and intrigues of our internal foes, ought to convince you The committee are of opiniou that no- of the necessity of vigilance and unanithing in the evidence laid before them, mity. The Genius of Liberty demands so far as respects the suggestion of Mr. of you this new proof of your putrictism, Key's being a pensioner or half pay offi- | and I am persuaded the will not demand

FRANKLIN.

From the (Pittsburg) Commonwealth.

When a retrospective view is taken of the ancient flates of Greece and Rome, we behold Babylon, Persepolis, and the Egyptian Thebes, once the seat of unweildly empires, now obscure, antiquatwho has now the effrontery, the unequal- ed names. We behold Athens, Sparta, government, now infelled by desolating barbarians.

spoils of time" informs us that huzury, · Mr. Key resommended two young | without attending to its consequences, of subjects to their rulers, the inconftan- | ther. cy to virtue and the proneness to/vice, the ambition of some and the internal discord of others ; and finally, the treasonable conspiracies of the licentious, in opposition to the will of the peaceable, and the flatutes of the magistrates .-"That after the Declaration of Inde- sume the appellation of federalists and Thus, "corruption sinks nations into

The United States is the only republic on earth. She will long remain so, if her citizens attend to the inftructive lessons which the wise of every age have handed down as precepts for pofterityacquaintance with the proceedings of go vernment, together with an enthusiaftic love of liberty, are essential for every citizen to profess and practice. The the United States, is a sufficient proof therefore, fellow citizens, never leave pacciotism will prompt all printers to in power within the reach of aspiring ambition, and determine never to place a diadem on the head of a despot. Let us, as it is the duty of good citizens, always repel the attacks of faction, and dedicate our beft interefts for the prosperity of our own country, alway resolved to deous to his said election, viz. in the year ists? I am far from believing that the tell monarshy, ariftocracy, and anarchy, '94, he sold his half pay to gen. Forreft, great body of those who have arranged and to "cling to union as the political 'rock of our salvation."

> BLANK DEEDS For sale at this office.

PERICLES.

WANTED, A Lad of 12 or 14 years of age, of respectable parents, who writes a good hand, and can come well recommended. Inquin DAN. ANNIN.

Charlestorun, July 15, 1808.

Paper Making. Four or five boys, about 13 or 14 years from Charlefte wn. CONRAD COUNSELLER June 23, 1808.

Five Dollars Reward. CTRAYED from the farm of the subled arrogance to recommend fit persons | Crete, and Syracuse, countries once peo- | J scriber, living about two miles from to fill high military* offices-to fland at pled by men acquainted with the art of [Charleftown, sometime in April la!, A BLACK MARE, rising four year old, switch tail, a flar on her forchest The mind, whilft ruminating on the and one hind foot white up to the fo uncertainty of natural events, is led to lock; no floes on. Also, on the firfu inquire into the causes which terminate | June, A BRIGHT BAT MARE, abo the exiftence of nations and of flates .- three years old, a small flar on her for Hiftory's "ample page, rich with the head, long mane and tail. The above reward and reasonable charges will h given, if the said creatures be brought was a principal cause. The opposition home, or two dollars and a half for the MICHAEL KELLENBERGER August 12, 1808.

Ten Dollars Reward. DESERTED from the recruiting rendezvous, at Woodflock, Shee andoah county, Virginia, Diffrict No.2 TIMOTHY CUNNINGHAM, a soldier in the fifth regiment of infantry of the army of the United States-Bon in Fauquier county and flate of Virginia aged twenty-one years, five feet six in ches high, dark complexion, blue eyes dark hair, and by profession a laborer All recruiting parties throughout the le nited States, and all citizens thereof at requefted to apprehend and secure said Timothy Cunningham, fhould he com under their notice, for which the abore reward will be given. It is hoped that sert this advertisement in their papers. NIMROD LONG, Capt. 5th R. Woodflock, Augull 24, 1803.

Ten Dollars Reward. D AN AWAY on Tuesday she in K inftant, from the subscriber, living on the road from Charleftown to Win chefter, near Opeckon creek, in Frede, rick county, (Vir.) a negro man named SIMON, of a yellow complexion, 20 years of age, and about 5 feet 6 or y inches high; has a scar on the top of his head, and a down look when spoken to Had on when he went away a pair of Corduroy overalls, an old wailt coat and a wool hat; but as he is an artful thiev ing fellow, he will probably get other clothing. He has been seen with some of Mr. Francis Whiting's negroes, and it is supposed they will convey him b Mr. Beverly Whiting's quarter in 14 ferson county. The above reward w be given for apprehending and securing im in jail, and reasonable charges it brought home.

CASPAR SEEVERS. Frederick county, Va. Aug. 26, 1808.

For Sale. 160 lbs. beft Peruvian Bark. 50 bottles Caftor Oil. 10 gallons Lemen Shrub. 64 do. Flaxseed Oil. An assortment of patent and other

medicines, which will be sold low, for CASH only, by DAN. ANNIN. Charleftown, August 1, 1808.

Take Notice.

THE season of the horse Hamiltonia expired on the 1ft inftant; all person who have put mares to him are requely to make payment as speedily as pos JAMES HITE. ble. August 5, 1808.

RAGS-CASH will be given for clean l and cotton rags at this office.

Farmer's Repository.

CHARLES TOWN, (Virginia,) PRINTED BY WILLIAMS AND BROWN. TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM.

-FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1808.

St. Louis, August 10.

UPPER LOUISIANA.

VOL. I.

IDWAY INDIANS. The trial of the two loway Indians ame on before the court on Wednesday aft. 67 jurors were set aside, as having already formed their opinions; 5 pemotory challenges only were made by Mr. Eaflon, on the part of the prisoners ; he trial commenced at two o'clock in he afternoon, and lafted until one clock at night. The jury were divided opinion, and continued out until 5 clock the next day, when the five jurors favor of a verdict of not guilty, asented to a verdict of guilty, and delicredit in to the court. A new trial as moved for, which was over-ruled the court on Friday; at two o'clock death, when Mr. Ealton moved in ar- | ed. reft of judgment, on three grounds.

offence was committed. 2. Because it was not alledged in the diffment, on what part of the body, mortal wound was given. 3. That the court had no jurisdiction try, in offence or to pass sentence, beause the crime, if any, was committed evond the boundary line, as effablished reaty liefween the United States and : Indians, to wit, " At the mouth of and river on the Missouri." Miter a ort argument the court took time to were remainled to gaol, and we under- and was forfeited to the government,

New-York, Sept. 9.

nd are now wearing out life in the dered us not to fire-not to kill unless it ungeons of Carthagena :---

The anniversary of the independence of our country.

"RESPECTED FRIEND,

LAVERY, fill thou art a bitter he would kill the lieutenant. raught; and though thousands in all geshave been compelled to drink of ree, thou art not on that account the ss bitter."

Forbes, Esq. that you are one of the mmittee appointed to receive subscripons for our relief. You may, therefore fibly have it in your power to give e correct information touching the eans by which we, poor miserable catures, are to be emancipated, and en. This I beg you will be goodhigh to do by the next vessel which leave New York for this accursed

For the laft three years diffress has me familiar to me, and even Death been disarmed of all its terrors. ine is a flate in which "Life dies, Death lives, and Naure

breeds Perverse, all monftrous, all prodigious things."

I assure you, were it not for some little | blow them through-God damn'em.' on that it will come up to their descriptiglimmering Hope that I thall yet see The court immediately ordered the on of it; and, in fact, that it exceeds any my native country (which I dearly love, prisoners to goal without bail or main- of the European machines of which I and can never forget) I thould, inftead. prise; to await their trial-[which com- had an information. of using means to preserve life, be mences this day, August 23.) tempted to deftroy; it. " If any friends whom I left behind

flould enquire of you respecting me, be pleased to tell them I ftill live.

Adieu. Yours ever, ROBERT SAUNDERS.

BURLINGTON, AUG. 5, 1308.

MURDER OF ORMSBY, DRAKE, & MARSH.

Minutes of the court of enquirey.

The grand inquest having examined I that day the prisoners were brought witnesses, pronounced their verdict, efore the court to receive sentence of that the deceased were wilfully murder-

The court of enquiry proceeded to 1. Because the indictment did not flate | the examination of te flimony in the bew county, riding or diffrict, where half of government against the prisoners -[aine in number, but we have not re-| ceived all their names.]

Serg't David B. Johnson, swornsays that on Monday, Aug. 1, 1808, Having recently observed, in the rington told him the Snake had long of this machine, we submit to your con- flould be any amongst us, from deceivbeen engaged in the smuggling business, sideration the following facts : morto keep them there until the ad- - I here appeared to be a number of men ce of the President may be had there- skulked about in the buffies, with arms, and Mudget tried in vain to bring them forward. The lieutenant then took the revenue boat, and myself with four men took the Snake and proceeded down the The Editor of the Mercantile Edver- took the Snake and proceeded down the r received vefterday, via Newport, river. The smugglers ran down the following letter from one of those river, and fired from the buffles and infortunate men who were basely killed Drake, on board the revenue boat. duced into the service of MIRANDA, Wethen landed, and the lieutenant orwas absolutely necessary. On our ris-" Faults of St. Clora, July 4th, 1808, ing the bank of the river, Mr. Crusby, flepped to us who had been at work near us. As he was speaking to the Mule: lieutenant, a wall-piece was fired by Samuel I. Mott, and killed Ormsby Supposing that it would not be un- and Marsh : Ormsby grouned and ftrugasant to hear that I am ftill living, I gled, and Marte exclamed "O Lord !" e an opportunity offered by a vessel and died inftantly. I was about to fire, ng to New-York to acquaint you when the lieutenant flopped me and h my good health. How long 1 am said, "don't fire: I am wounded." I o continue in chains and in dungeon, I went immediately after a surgeon. On ness: now not; I pray Gon it may be thort: my return we took Mudget, Day, Dean, pr "dispuise thyself as thou wilt, ftill, and three others. I heard Mott swear

James H. Hays, sworn-says the same as serg't. Johnson, and adds, that the crew of the Snake were about twelve

Stephen P. Lathrop, sworn-says, hat Aug. 2d, inft. the crew of the Snake had heard that they were pursued by a revenue boat, and were preparing their servant, arms and ammunition. They professed to be smugglers, & said they would kill all the government party they could. They loaded a small arm with five balls, the wall piece they loaded with 15 ounce balls. Aug. 3d inft. he met one David Sheffield near the place from whence Drake was fhot, and Sheffield said . I have not fired, but have drawn my charge.'

said, 'by God I will kill the lieutenant i before he leaves the river.'

Mr. Ledyard, sworn-says Sheffield low long I may be permitted to said, 'by God, the lieutenant shall be y health or life is very difficult to cal- laid down before he leaves the ground?

World.

Five men, two of the name of Taylar, and three of the name of Hoxie, have been examined by the same court who committed the murderers, and committed for Treason, to be tried by the Circuit Court of the United States at Rutland, in October next,

Samuel I. Mott, the singleader of the crew who murdered our citizens on our frontier, has been arrefted and committed for trial. He was taken in Canada. We understand that the whole of the twelve men implicated have been taken.

Charleston, (S. C.) August 27. The following letter was received yester-- day by Dr. DAVID RAMSIY, who has this unfortunate island, is taken in his been so obliging as to hand it to us for own snares, and in his overthrow will publication: SIR,

lieut. Farrington, with ten men, of Carolina Gazette, the formation of a whom he was one, were detached from | company for the purpose of picking, Windmill Point, in search of a smug- carding spinning &c. of cotton, into gling boat called the Black Snake .- various kinds of useful cloths, e we have They were on board a revenue boat, taken the liberty to inform you, as Preand having got information, they pro- sident of the Company, that we are in ceeded up Onion river on Wednesday, possession of a Machine, of entire new consider until 11 o'clock on Saturday, Snake, they found one Mudget on fhore, calculated to promote the interefts of and after meeting, curia advisare vult, with a gun in his hand: he was the com- such an inflitution. To enable you to of age, are wanted as apprentices to the Dava onision servicing that they had no juris first man who should land. Lt. Far- the present time will afford, the merits prevent seditious characters, if there decrive

> That this machine, (the Columbian and he was authorized to take her. Spinfter) is calculated to pick, card and spin cotton by one continued operation, fhall dare once more to thick of leading

> > spindles, being worked in a room of ten feet square:

That we have reason to believe, each spindle will average one cut per hour, while the machine is in operation: That one hand is fully competent to

attend a machine of that size :

permanent construction, its principal, fear not that; this land shall not in fumoving parts being made of caft fteel: | ture witness the like foliy from its chil-Amelure, does not require more skill + eyes behold your return home my task in its management than that of persons would be fulfilled. Chilfiren of Hayti,

thread being varied from that of ten 1, be for us the happy moment that reunites hundred to that of four, or perhaps | the members of one family, that was three:

will be in our power to inform you, with rifh and protect each other. Let us say in number, nine of whom had guns. certainty, the rate at which the machine to ourselves what those brave warriors "I preceive by a printed paper, which He says Mott fired the wall-piece, and will work, as in that time we thall have of America said in the year 1776, made a fair trial of it, when impelled by water.

We are, with sentiments of much respect and consideration, sir your obed't

CUNNINGHAM HARRIS. JAMES HARRIS. Harrisburg, Lancaster District,

(S. C.) Aug. 17, 1808, SIR,

above letter, I take the liberty to offer | fhall be paid. you my assurance that they are men of the Aricleft veracity, and that due and full credit ought to be given to their communications. I have also seen the

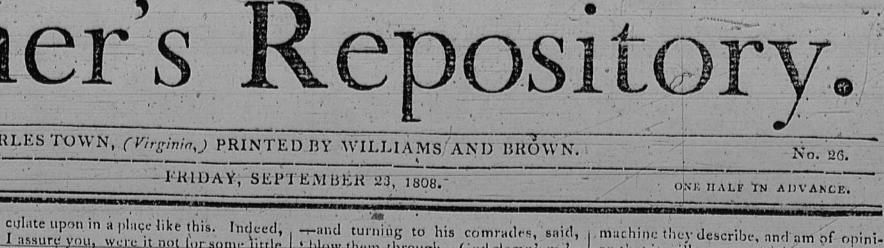
servant,

Natives of Hayti, if after having reflored union, peace and plenty amongst my brethren, I could have the satisfac-That the yarn spun by this machine, I tion to see you return amongft us, partiis equal to that spun by the Jenny or the + cularly those, amongst others, that remain in foreign lands on account of their That the Columbian Spinster is of timidity about civil war; to those I say, That this machine, though of delicate | dren. Oh ! my dear brethren, could my of common acquaintance with the busi- return to your native country; there is none elsewhere for you, but that where That it admits of the size of the you were born. Let your return to it compelled by common misfortune, to That in the course of thirty days it part; but who can re-unite again, to che-"E PLURIBUS UNL'M." Those men who have thaken off the Europ an yoke, were no more than n en like your. selves; but they were patriots. Let that worthy nation, and its immortal hero be your model in the art of war, as well as its other virtues.

The Senate requeft me to tell you by this present, that it faithfully promises to pay the passage of those who fhall be under the incapacity of deing the same, Having had the pleasure of a long ac- paid punctually to every captain of a veaquaintance with you, and being well ac- sel for each passenger (prown person) quainted with Dr. Cunningham Harris they fhall bring from the United States; James Mead, sworn—says, Sheffield and major Harris, the subscribers of the and a smaller sum for a less diffance also

Port an Prince.

(Copy)



I am, sir, very respectfully, your

WM. HILL.

BY ORDER OF THE SENATE, PETION, President. To the Natives of Hanti, residing in Foreign countries.

CITIZENS,

Your native country, which has groaned under the misfortunes of a civil war these two years pall, cojous now the blessings of peace, the comforts of prosperity, and the happiness of society. No more disunion, no factions henceforth thall desolate this laid any long-

The monfter who had in contemplation the destruction of the inhabitants of drag all those pernicious men who have served his cause. The moment of my addressing you, he has but a small space f ground, where it is impossible for im to hold out any time. Those deluded troops whom he has deceived, and have found out the errors in which he has entangled them, have deserted him. Henry Christophe must fall by the hands of his own party, or else put an end to his horrid career with his own hands, as his predecessors have done.

ing us in future. Henceforth the people of Hayti shall be the keepers of their own liberty; they are sensible of their receiving the cotton in the seed and de- them aftray again ; if such an unthinkment without the unanimous consent of our veterans, such crack-brained person would pay for his folly as soon as his intention would be known.

> The President, PETION.

May 24, 1808.